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POWERS' GRAND.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY—Dan Sully THE GRAND.

ALL WEEK—Under the Lion's Paw SMITHS.

ALL WEEK—Vaudeville.

WEATHER.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—For Lower Michigan—Generally fair; slightly warmer; south winds.

LAW AND FACTS.

It appears that in deciding the case of Packard against the canvassing board of Menominee county, the supreme court established a precedent which will govern in all contested election cases now before it. The decision was handed down last Saturday and the opinion was filed away to appear later on in the regular reports. The case is understood to be identical with the other cases now before the court. It appears that Packard applied for a recount of the vote in Menominee and his application was granted. During the recount defective votes were thrown out to the number of sixty-two, to his prejudice. He applied to the court for a writ of mandamus ordering the canvassing board to count the defective votes or show cause. The application was denied. It must appear evident to the average man that the supreme court in taking such action had in view the issue of fact to arise upon the return of the writ. The canvassers in responding to such a writ would show by affidavit that the votes thrown out and not counted were illegal votes. The supreme court would be compelled to treat such a return as conclusive—for the original application for a mandamus is in the nature of an ex parte proceeding. For instance if the supreme court should say "you must count these defective votes," the canvassers could reply "we have counted all the legal votes." There the matter must end. The supreme court cannot try an issue of this kind. It is a question of fact that must be determined in a lower court by a jury. If the Packard decision be correctly reported it follows that all other contested cases must follow it. To proceed otherwise would be to present the supreme court in the anomalous attitude of reversing itself on points of law simultaneously submitted to it. The court will dispose of all questions of law; but as to questions of fact it will submit the controversy to the properly appointed tribunals having sole and final jurisdiction.

EQUAL TAXATION.

Hyattsville, a Washington suburb, established the single tax system, and has made it successful. In spite of the protests of property owners, the courts of Maryland sustained the law. Last week Henry George celebrated the victory of his pet theory by making a speech there. If the single tax system can be maintained successfully in a single village it can be maintained with equal success throughout the entire country. Opponents of the single tax have stoutly declared that, while it was a very beautiful theory, yet like many other conceptions of political economists, it was too visionary ever to admit of realization. It is possible that the results of single tax in the little Washington suburb may revolutionize the entire tax system of the country. There is a growing sentiment in favor of a change in the present tax system. Its inequalities and injustices have grown to be irksome and notorious. The makeshift schemes of inexperienced legislators by which the moneyed interests are sought to be taxed to relieve the poor, invariably operate to the injury of the poor. The mortgage tax law of our own state was calculated to relieve mortgages from unjust taxation, but the mortgagees have evaded its clear intent, so that the borrower is oppressed more than ever before. The people demand honest taxation, not grinding fines and penalties for being frugal and industrious. Given a common basis of taxation, unchangeable, immovable and continuing, and the whole scheme will be as simple and easy of adjustment as the night to the day.

WINNER'S TWADDLE.

Ever since Judge Moore of Saginaw stepped into the wide-open mouth of Chauncey Waser, in the Muskegon convention, that hilarious bag of supple and abandoned salt walks of his native valley. But, having recovered from the cutting effects of Judge Moore's vigorous lambasting, he took up in the emotional canvass with one of the most absurd propositions ever accredited to a politician. To a Detroit reporter, after displaying his customary fund of antiquated wit, he has unfolded a deep, original scheme to upset all plans made by republicans to elect a United States senator. He proposes to abolish the time-honored practice of giving a prominent democrat the complimentary vote of the democrats in the legislature, and to marshal all their strength to elect a republican representing the choice of the voters from the senatorial caucus. The plan is purely Wisconsin. It is a scheme to capture a few stray dollars. It will live only long enough to enable

Chauncey to get his name in the papers and to invite speculation in uncertain political futures. It is ridiculous to suppose that there will be any chance to put such an insane scheme into operation. No democrat vote will be needed to elect a United States senator. There are enough republican votes to do it. The republican candidate will be nominated in a republican caucus. There will be no bolt from the decision of that caucus. Both candidates have pledged themselves to stand by the successful one. A handful of recalcitrant members might decline to enter a caucus. But there are none such. Waser's scheme is too silly and absurd to merit a passing notice, yet it is just such idle mouthings that give rise to sensational stories of "boodles" in times of political excitement. The author of this abortive explosion of buncombe is so thoroughly despised and distrusted by decent democrats, that if there were a ghost of a chance of winning by such a ruse, they would repudiate the whole business to chastise the impudent, loud-mouthed Saginawan.

GLADSTONE'S BIRTHDAY.

Today William Ewart Gladstone is 83 years old. Not England alone, but the whole civilized world will unite in wishing the Grand Old Man unnumbered years of peace and happiness. Mr. Gladstone is the most remarkable product of the nineteenth century. There are few men that have been financiers, authors, theologians, scholars and statesmen, and attained such an extreme degree of success as he. Indeed, it is doubtful if any other man ever so thoroughly mastered so many distinct and dissimilar subjects. For nearly half a century he has been the central figure of English politics. During those fifty years his political ideas and principles have been revolutionized; but he has never failed to keep in closest sympathy with the needs of the British people. Macaulay called him "the hope of unbending torism." Today he is the exponent of British democracy. As chancellor of the exchequer he displayed a knowledge and grasp of the financial problems of the English government, which have never been equaled. Never has the church of England had a more unyielding defender. Time and again he has crossed lances with the greatest theologians of his time and parried their thrust with his clean cut, and irrefragable logic. Few modern students of Greek have attained his degree of proficiency, and it is said if anybody quotes to him a single line of Homer's Iliad he can repeat in the original the remainder of the book. But it is in defense of the principle of home rule for Ireland that Mr. Gladstone has won the respect and reverence of two continents. The history of his later political career is the history of home rule, and today with the burden of his eighty-three years of unceasing activity resting upon him, the world wishes him God speed in his battle for Irish homes and Irish liberty.

AMONG THE CANDIDATES FOR SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

is Captain David Collins of Croton, New York county. The Cedar Springs Clipper says of him: "Captain Collins was not only one of Michigan's bravest soldiers, but is also one of her very best citizens. He served as a member of the house in 1877 with credit to both himself and his country. He is in every way qualified for the position from experience as a faithful member and a gentleman of high moral character and should secure the position by a unanimous vote. Elect Captain Collins to this responsible position and no mistake will be made."

In response to the demands of his party the Hon. James O'Donnell ran for congress in a district overwhelmingly democratic and went down to an honorable defeat. Judge Morse left the bench in response to the call of his party and he too went to defeat. With his party in the ascendancy and with over 100,000 votes to be filled with democrats, it will be ingratitude basely intensified to offer him anything less than a high and lucrative position.

SEVENTEENTH STIMSON and O'Rourke did not consider it beneath their dignity to call in a delegation of engineers and consult with them in reference to changes in the schedule of wage rates. There is seldom any serious disagreement where there is a free and full expression of opinion between employer and employee.

TREASURER will be a revision of the constitution. It needs it. Properly revised, perhaps cities and villages will be privileged to govern themselves without running to the legislature every time a public improvement is necessary. Perhaps, too, capital punishment may get a show.

MILWAUKEE is in danger of extinction by fire. Incendiaries seem to have reinvigorated in that city for the purpose of making a nineteenth century Sodom and Gomorrah spectacle. Col. Pabst ought to turn a beer hose on the villains.

TOM REED says he never went to a banquet that he was not invited to make a speech. If they had not invited him, Tom would have counted in a quorum and have had the invitation extended just the same.

ALABAMA is positively announced that Don Dickinson will be secretary of state, all of which goes to prove that it is not in vain that he carried the banner in the Chicago convention.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Avery and King finally lead the occasionally fine program in Smith's theatre. Their dancing and grace on the flying trapeze are superior in thrilling interest to anything seen in this theatre this season. The Hughes in a novel acrobatic turn do a pleasing

change act. A woman executing forward and backward somersaults is a surprising innovation. With the exception of one team in alleged songs and repartee, the show is unusually excellent.

Dan Sully will present his successful play, "The Millionaire," in Powers' opera house Friday and Saturday, Dec. 22, and 23, and Saturday matinee. This comedy-drama was written by Leander Richardson, editor of the New York Dramatic News, and has played to immense business everywhere. It is the best piece Mr. Sully ever appeared in.

"Eagle's Nest," a picturesque drama of the melo-romantic school, with that dashing young actor, Edgar Allan, in the title role, will come to The Grand opera house for one week commencing Sunday evening, January 1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday matinees.

The distinct-social amusement event of the season will be the opera, The Gondoliers, to be played by local artists in the Powers' January 1.

The theatrical mechanics held an informal banquet in The Grand after the performance Tuesday night. It was a happy affair.

"The Westerner" is booked for Monday and Tuesday evening's in the Grand.

Jim Corbett will appear in the Powers' January 1.

STATE PRESS GOSSIP.

The day typical of peace on earth, good will to man, was characterized by the usual array of crimes and casualties, some of a frightful character.—Saginaw Courier Herald.

The Luling, Texas, Herald thinks the motto on our silver dollars, "In God We Trust," should be changed to read "In This God We Trust."—Kalamazoo Gazette.

The Illinois Humane society has begun the work of prosecuting Chicagoans for the crime of docking horses' tails. Let the work go on.—Muskegon News.

The French duelist is now regarded by life insurance companies as the best risk to be procured.—Bay City Tribune.

Many a post-Christmas headache is the father of a New Year's resolution.—Detroit Tribune.

HIT AND MISS BRIEVITIES.

A North Carolina man proposes a plan by which the unwelcome and college can be managed. He would insure the lives of fifty prominent citizens for \$10,000, but does not suggest what would happen if the wives of these citizens would object, or how the premiums were to be paid.—Wyalusing Rocket.

A stranger from Michigan asked a citizen a few days ago what crops were best adapted to the climate of this section. The citizen's reply was: "Rabbits, free niggers and mortgages are the most sure crop in this country."—Vienna Progress.

The moving of the first railroad train and the sending of the first message by an electric telegraph should be celebrated as greater national anniversaries than the triumphs of conquering armies.—Toronto Globe.

President Harrison will appear to better advantage lecturing on law at that California university than he did lecturing the people of the United States for repudiating his administration.—New York World.

No more fourth-class postmasters will be allowed to resign during the present administration. They must stand their ground and take their medicine when the physician comes.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

ALLEGED TO BE FUNNY.

Young Author—Is it true that my poems have really set you dreaming? I am—Maud—Mercy, yes; I've gone to sleep every time I've tried to read them.

Della—I do wonder if Jack enjoyed the lies I sent him? Arthur—Well, I should say he did. He used one to tie up a broken chair the very first thing.

"Well, Blivins, I suppose you found something in your stocking?" Blivins—Yes, a confounded tack while I was up getting the paragon for the baby.

Mabel—Don't you think this hat is several sizes too large for Dick? Helen—Yes, but I knew he would want to wear it on New Year's day.

"Old Goldbug has given many a young man a lift in life." Dalton—With his money, I suppose. "Oh, no, with his foot."

Nothing strange about whisky being advanced—it always goes to the head.

POINTS ABOUT MEN.

Frank Vincent, who has left Colombia to continue his explorations in Africa, has already traveled over 300,000 miles, and though he has had many narrow escapes, he never had a serious accident.

Gideon W. Marsh, the fugitive president of the wrecked Keystone bank in Philadelphia, was last heard of, it is believed, at Cape Town, where he took passage for Hongkong, in the East India.

Bjornsen celebrated his sixtieth birthday recently and festivities in his honor were held throughout Norway.

BOTH ARE GOOD MEN.

The main difficulty in spreading the Luce propaganda has been that all the arguments advanced in his behalf (except the demagogical outcry against "plutocrats") apply precisely as well to Mr. Stockbridge as to Mr. Luce. The latter began life poor and has risen by his own exertions, but so did Mr. Stockbridge—both know what is the burden of labor and the grip of poverty, the one no more than the other. Mr. Luce secured his measure of wealth by honest methods; but likewise did Mr. Stockbridge—the only difference between them is in the measure of success—and if wealth-getting shows superiority in a man, Mr. Stockbridge is the greater of the two; while if it is reprehensible, Mr. Luce has pursued it so far that he cannot point the finger of shame at his opponent. Mr. Luce made a good governor, honest and painstaking in the discharge of all his duties; but Mr. Stockbridge as senator has shown the same qualities and in fully as great measure.

While Mr. Luce is given a second term as a reward for his well-known, but useless, for his own benefit in the regard to Mr. Stockbridge's reward is justly earned. Mr. Luce is "a man of the people," and Mr. Stockbridge is another—the latter is not the fraction of a degree further removed from familiarity of intercourse with ordinary people from the former than they are from their struggle and their hope; then is Mr. Luce, he is wealthy, but is neither haughty nor snobbish, but a generous, whole-souled, companionable man, whose next is as warm as his purse is big.—Allan Gazette.

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN.

I have sketched a princess walking costume of French plaid vignonne which has two lengths of gray silk held with silver buttons extending from the waist to the ankles. At the back are two sash-like jacks. The broad revers are of an ornate silk with a patterned center of old blue silk finished at the neck with a bow. The hat is gray, trimmed with an iridescent wing and blue silk.

The Russian blouse has gone through quite a transformation since it first made its appearance. It now looks very like an ordinary jacket, made long and fastened on one side, with a fur band around the waist to match the fur around the edges. Russian blouses look more elegant when made of the same material as the skirt, or at least of the same color. When intended to be worn with several skirts, however,



it is better to make them of black cloth or velvet. Indeed, they look extremely well in velvet, velvet and corduroy, and can then be worn with either a cloth or silk skirt.

Eton jackets have also undergone a change, and are very different from what they were at first. They have now high shouldered sleeves and are pointed at the back and a bow with long ends is fixed on the upper point. Other Eton jackets have short coats at the back, like a riding habit bodice, and this style would be admirably suited for riding. Then, again, the Eton jacket resembles a Turkish jacket and is made of cloth or velvet, covered with rich gold and jewel embroidery and edged all around with passementerie.

IMPORTANCE OF THE BATH.

There is no doubt that women are beginning to realize more and more the importance of the bath. It no longer continues to be a perfunctory duty, to be gone through with as a matter of course on Saturday nights, much as the family washing is undertaken on Monday.

The relation of cleanliness to godliness has ceased to be of importance. The bath has grown to be a pleasure, on the contrary, a close adjunct to woman's beauty. The fair sex has learned to study the bath and its effects upon their feelings, and incidentally the action of tepid or hot water on their fair skins and its efficacy in softening and beautifying their complexion.

No longer can it be said that by the majority of American women a bath means simply wiping the face with a corner of a wet towel, even if the statement was ever true.

The women of the two countries in the past undoubtedly had a greater appreciation of the near relation of the bath to personal beauty than the women of the United States. That a great change in this direction has been wrought is shown by the greater intelligence shown by the women of today in the matter of bathing and their growing predilection for what is known as Swedish massage.

MRS. SHEPARD'S PINK BALL.

The pink ball and reception given by Mrs. Helen Shepard in her beautiful home on South Lafayette street last evening, was one of the most beautiful and stylish social events ever given in the city. The interior of the house was like some fairy palace.

A profusion of flowers and potted plants in the main hall the star light way was festooned with smilax. The corners were filled with gracefully drooping and rich dark green palms and ferns. In the lunch room the tables were lighted with numerous candles and artistically decorated with carnations and hyacinths, whose rich perfumes pervaded every room.

In the ball room a beautiful effect was produced by pale pink draperies on a pure white background. Here Prof. Wellenstein's orchestra discoursed music. The number of guests was very large and all congenial. Miss Shepard, the fair debutante, in whose honor the party was given.

PERSONAL MENTION.

The Akeley index, a neat little eight-page monthly, devoted, as its name indicates, to Akeley institute, made its initial appearance in town yesterday. It is published at Grand Haven by H. Y. Potts and Miss Edith L. Powers is the editor. It is an excellent medium for extending the advantages of the institute.

Mrs. H. N. Moorman, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of unions, gave a reception yesterday afternoon to the W. C. T. U. women of this city at her home, No. 317 Madison avenue. From 2 o'clock to 5:30 about a hundred old and young women called. The reception committee consisted of the presidents of the various unions, some thirteen in all. Refreshments were served by the young women of Mrs. Moorman's class in the Division Street M. E. Sunday school. The house was artistically decorated with plants and cutflowers and the occasion was of course highly enjoyable.

POLITICAL EQUALITY CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Political Equality club, which was held yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Pearson, No. 103 East Bridge street, was largely attended and proved to be very interesting.

It was decided to hold, two weeks from last night, at Mrs. Clara Colby's, a social meeting to which the husbands and brothers of the members are to be invited. Mrs. Clara Colby, who will deliver the third lecture of the club's course, will be present. A literary and musical entertainment will be given at the same time.

DR. BRIGGS AGAIN.

New York, Dec. 20.—The New York press yesterday afternoon returned the case of Dr. Briggs, charged with heresy. There were 122 votes present. They went into secret session at 4 o'clock and adjourned until 7 o'clock tomorrow.

The manner in which the germs of tuberculosis are spread abroad by ladies' dresses. He had a dress dragged over the ground two or three times, and on a glass slide was able to show no fewer than seven tubercle bacilli, obtained of course, from the dust and dirt swept up by the dress. The practical lesson taught by this fact seems to be that of showing how, in trailing skirts are brushed in our homes, the germs of disease or their spores get disipated in the air, and thus placed in a position to infect those who are well. This is another powerful argument against trailing skirts.

POINTS ABOUT WOMEN.

Hulda Friedrichs has the honor of being the first lady taken on the regular staff of a London paper. Although of German nationality, she can both write and speak English fluently, and knows both Russian and French sufficiently well to act as a special correspondent in St. Petersburg or Paris in need. Miss Friedrichs joined the staff of the Pall Mall Gazette when Mr. Stead was its editor.

Princess Margaret of Prussia will be married standing on an interesting bit of carpet. It was brought by her mother, the Empress Frederick, and upon it knelt all the children of the household when they were confirmed. The emperor, his brother, Prince Henry and the three elder princesses of the family were all married standing upon the now cherished piece of carpet.

Perhaps the only woman who was ever buried like a warrior with the stars and stripes for a winding sheet was the late Mrs. Cutler. At the battle of Fort Donelson she snatched the colors of her husband's regiment from their fallen bearer and rushed through the smoke with the flag in one hand and a sword in the other.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox wants the waiter's coat, if it must be cut on the bias in the rear, made of some other color than black.

Mrs. Hearst, widow of the millionaire senator, will leave it \$1,000,000 for a great museum.

F. Marion Crawford says that a novel is "an intellectual artistic luxury."

MILLIONAIRES WERE THERE.

Chicago, Dec. 20.—The case for docking horses tails against William Leddy in Justice Bradley's court yesterday attracted great attention because it was test case and because Leddy's work was done for John W. Doane, the wholesale merchant who has been mentioned for a cabinet office under Mr. Cleveland, who likes to drive a fashionable team.

For the prosecution appeared President Shortall of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. For the defense Alex Sullivan was counsel and he was flanked by Potter Palmer, General Torrance and other leading citizens, who considered the prosecution petty and unjustified.

The prosecution sought unavailingly for delay. Mr. Sullivan insisting upon and securing an immediate hearing. Mr. Sullivan contended that the complaint should have charged that the act was not for the benefit of the horse and that the prosecution was a mere sham to prove before a primo facie case was established. The court held with him and dismissed the case.

The society swore out a new complaint conforming Mr. Sullivan's technical requirements and the case will be heard on its merits Monday. It was manifest that the society was sorely disappointed.

AS NEW YORKERS DO IT.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 20.—About two months ago Charles Madder and Dora Curry, a daughter of Robert Curry a hotel man well known in the middle of the oil fields, came from Titusville to Jamestown and were married. Thanksgiving day Mrs. Madder received a dispatch from Titusville to the effect that her 5-year-old boy was sick. The next day she went to Titusville, but instead of finding a sick boy she found Fred Gilson, who had been a suitor several years before her marriage with Madder, wanted her to return. He accompanied her back to Jamestown as far as Friesburg, where they stopped and were married; both returning again to Titusville. Yesterday a friend of Gilson's came to see Madder and his wife and the former agreed that on the payment of \$25 he would relinquish all claim to the woman. Mrs. Madder leaves today for Titusville to join husband.

Is There No Escape?

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Star this evening says: "Police here do not believe that Mr. Murphy can be defeated and they believe that Mr. Cleveland appreciates the fact. At present Mr. Cleveland has no personal representative in the senate with long experience and in position to act as a leader. Should he succeed in the election of a personal friend in New York, it would not improve the situation greatly, as no new man, however capable, can figure very prominently in that body. It is reported today that the question of Don Dickinson going into the cabinet has been settled and that he will be secretary of state."

Newman Acquitted.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 20.—Max Newman, charged with the killing of Thomas Coyne, in a bunk house in the Carnegie mills at Homestead on the night of November 14, was tried today and acquitted of both charges—murder and manslaughter. Newman, with four other non-union workmen were sleeping in one room. Coyne, either purveyor or by accident, entered the room and when ordered out, assaulted Newman. The latter fearing that his assailant was a striker and that he was going to be killed, shot the intruder.

John L. Will Fight Corbett.

New York, Dec. 20.—John L. Sullivan refused to be interviewed this afternoon at the Windsor theater where he has been playing, in regard to Jim Wakeley's statements that the champion was an ingrate for making attacks on his honor. He, however, told Sam McElrath, who met him at the window of the performance, that he would yet meet Jim Corbett and start into training at Hot Springs, Ark., next May.

Looks Like a Trust.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 20.—The Worcester Traction company, has filed articles of incorporation in the county clerk's office in this city. The capital is fixed at \$5,000,000. The company is to buy, sell, lease and operate street railways by electricity, traction or other methods.

Dr. Briggs Again.

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Mrs. Russell, aged 14, has secured a divorce from her husband, aged 50, at Victoria, B. C.

NEWS OF THE HOTELS.

"No other class of men in the world will endure so much hard work and so many hard knocks as a cowboy," said James Kennedy, a Texas ranchman, in the New Livingston yesterday. "No matter what happens, they take it as a matter of course. They will go out day after day and get drenched to the skin, but you never hear one of them complain about it. They will live on jerked beef and cold air for a week, and act as satisfied as if they were dining at Delmonico's. I remember our cowboys went to sleep one night in the bed of a dried up creek. During the night a cloud burst up near the head of the creek, and washed them out. Everything went. Some of them found their hats and boots five miles away; but they were as unconcerned as if that were their daily luck. That's what I admire about these fellows. They never kick. Of course they drink a little bad whiskey occasionally, and frequently capture a town; but they don't mean anything by it—they're all good fellows."

William R. Moss and bride of Wausau, Wis., are guests in the New Livingston. Mr. Moss was formerly a Maple Rapids boy and is now superintendent of schools in Wausau. "There is an intense feeling in Wisconsin in regard to the parochial school question," he said. "The reports of it have not been exaggerated. In our own city, at least a third of the children attend the Catholic schools. But there has never been any disturbance in regard to the matter. I think the question will eventually be settled. Both sides will modify their views until the parochial and public schools will be able to work in perfect harmony and neither intrude upon the legitimate territory of the other."

S. R. Still of the Pine Grove, Pennsylvania, furnaces arrived at the Morton last night. "I have a fad," said Mr. Still. "In addition to our mines, boiler plate manufactory and car-wheel industry, I'm making bricks. I call it a fad, because it is rather expensive and I can't make any money out of it. I'm getting tired of it upon the whole and have resolved that the thing ought to be made to pay. I was led to believe that if I came from Grand Rapids I could obtain some hints that would prove of great benefit. That's why I'm here. A fad is a nice thing, but it's too expensive to maintain very long."

"You would be surprised to know how many cheap knives and forks are used," said C. M. Dillon of the Meriden Cutlery company, in the Morton last night. "The demand is constantly increasing. Thousands of families never use anything else but a steel knife and fork for several years. Some persons seem to have an idea that everybody eats with a silver fork and would not know how to use anything else. American cutlery now leads the world. England cannot compete with us in high grade goods. British manufacturers have been stealing our designs for years."

"We shall know this week how much space will be allotted to Grand Rapids furniture at the world's fair," said the Hon. I. M. Weston in the Morton yesterday. "I have just returned from a consultation with Mr. Allison. I think we shall get about 2,500 square feet."

Everything Peaceful.

Treasurer Brewer yesterday ended the fight between the Kent County Fair society factions by delivering the funds to W. H. Anderson, the newly elected treasurer. There is some \$7,000 in cash and the deeds of the fair ground. The minority has decided to drop the fight entirely.

Crushed in a Mine.

LOUISVILLE, Colo., Dec. 20.—George Melzer and Andrew Hanson, both young men, were crushed to death this morning at the Acme mine. They were just pulling a coal car on the cage when the engine commenced hoisting, catching them between the cage and the side of the shaft, killing both almost instantly.

Is an amusement of the winter

and played on the ice by sliding from one mark to another great stones of 40 to 70 pounds' weight, of a hemispherical form with an iron or wooden handle at top. The object of the player is to lay his stone as near to the mark as possible, to guard that of his partner which has been well played before, or to strike off that of his antagonist. The above alludes to the national game of Scotland, but it allied to our subject this morning only in name. The Scotchman wins his game by deftly curling the ponderous weights over the ice to the goal.

You, fair maiden, miss or matron, will find curling the hair a great auxiliary in winning the game of life.

IN SECTION A, ROW NO. 3

Of our house furnishing department, surrounded by pyramids of Granite Ware, flanked on all sides by Sponge Baskets, Wire Soap Dishes, Sink Cleaners and hundreds of other useful and ornamental utensils, the finest line of

HAIR CURLERS

you ever looked at.

LANGTRY CURLING IRON, ISABELLA CURLING IRON, CHARM CURLING IRON, GEM CURLING IRON, CURLING TONGS & HAIR PINNERS.

Our cut today will show you a very necessary adjunct to the hair curlers.

Curling Iron Heaters!

Using them will save you many annoyances. The iron can be thrust into the socket provided for it and in almost a moment's time will have absorbed heat enough for its best use. In this connection we will say that we have another most convenient article in the shape of a little arrangement to fit over the gas jet, whereby

WATER CAN BE HEATED

most conveniently in a very short space of time. This little instrument is of inestimable value in a sick room as you know how inconvenient it is many a time to obtain hot water in the night time. Look for them in

SECTION B, ROW NO. 1.

Foster & Stevens

MONROE ST.